107TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

S. 398

To combat international money laundering and to protect the United States financial system, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

February 27, 2001

Mr. Kerry (for himself, Mr. Grassley, Mr. Sarbanes, Mr. Levin, and Mr. Rockefeller) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Banking, Housing, and Urban Affairs

A BILL

To combat international money laundering and to protect the United States financial system, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.
- 4 (a) SHORT TITLE.—This Act may be cited as the
- 5 "International Counter-Money Laundering and Foreign
- 6 Anticorruption Act of 2001".
- 7 (b) Table of Contents.—The table of contents for
- 8 this Act is as follows:
 - Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.
 - Sec. 2. Findings and purposes.

TITLE I—INTERNATIONAL COUNTER-MONEY LAUNDERING MEASURES

Sec. 101. Special measures for jurisdictions, financial institutions, or international transactions of primary money laundering concern.

TITLE II—CURRENCY TRANSACTION REPORTING AMENDMENTS AND RELATED IMPROVEMENTS

- Sec. 201. Amendments relating to reporting of suspicious activities.
- Sec. 202. Penalties for violations of geographic targeting orders and certain recordkeeping requirements, and lengthening effective period of geographic targeting orders.
- Sec. 203. Authorization to include suspicions of illegal activity in written employment references.
- Sec. 204. Bank Secrecy Act Advisory Group.
- Sec. 205. Agency reports on reconciling penalty amounts.

TITLE III—ANTICORRUPTION MEASURES

- Sec. 301. Corruption of foreign governments and ruling elites.
- Sec. 302. Support for the Financial Action Task Force on Money Laundering.

1 SEC. 2. FINDINGS AND PURPOSES.

- 2 (a) FINDINGS.—The Congress finds that—
- 3 (1) money laundering, estimated by the Inter-
- 4 national Monetary Fund to amount to between 2
- 5 and 5 percent of global gross domestic product,
- 6 which is at least \$600,000,000,000 annually, pro-
- 7 vides the financial fuel that permits transnational
- 8 criminal enterprises to conduct and expand their op-
- 9 erations to the detriment of the safety and security
- of American citizens;
- 11 (2) money launderers subvert legitimate finan-
- cial mechanisms and banking relationships by using
- them as protective covering for the movement of
- criminal proceeds and, by so doing, can undermine
- the integrity of United States financial institutions

- and of the global financial and trading systems upon
 which prosperity and growth depend;
 - (3) money launderers rely upon the existence and use of certain jurisdictions outside of the United States that offer bank secrecy and special tax or regulatory advantages to nonresidents, and often complement those advantages with weak financial supervisory and regulatory regimes;
 - (4) certain kinds of transactions involving such offshore jurisdictions, including those transactions specifically designed to offer anonymity or the avoidance of regulatory scrutiny, make it difficult for law enforcement officials and regulators to follow the trail of money earned by criminals and organized international criminal enterprises that undermine United States national interests and traffic in human misery, whether they are narcotics dealers, terrorists, arms smugglers, traffickers in human beings, or those whose frauds prey upon law abiding citizens;
 - (5) certain banking relationships between financial institutions in the United States and financial institutions located in such offshore jurisdictions, such as correspondent and payable-through accounts, are particularly vulnerable to abuse because

- of the difficulty in obtaining accurate information about the beneficial owners whose funds pass through such accounts;
 - (6) the ability to mount effective counter-measures to international money launderers requires national, as well as bilateral and multilateral action, using tools specially designed for that effort; and
 - (7) the Basle Committee on Banking Regulation and Supervisory Practices and the Financial Action Task Force on Money Laundering, of both of which the United States is a member, have each adopted international anti-money laundering principles and recommendations.

(b) Purposes.—The purposes of this Act are—

(1) to ensure that banking transactions and financial relationships, the conduct of such transactions and relationships, or both, do not contravene the purposes of subchapter II of chapter 53 of title 31, United States Code, section 21 of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act, or chapter 2 of title I of Public Law 91–508, or facilitate the evasion of any such provision, to ensure that the purposes of such subchapter II continue to be fulfilled, and to guard against international money laundering and other financial crimes;

- 1 (2) to provide a clear national mandate for sub2 jecting to special scrutiny those foreign jurisdictions,
 3 financial institutions operating outside of the United
 4 States, and classes of international transactions that
 5 pose particular, identifiable opportunities for money
 6 laundering;
 - (3) to provide the Secretary of the Treasury with broad discretionary authority to take measures tailored to the particular money laundering problems presented by specific foreign jurisdictions, financial institutions operating outside of the United States, and classes of international transactions;
 - (4) to provide domestic financial institutions with guidance on particular foreign jurisdictions, financial institutions operating outside of the United States, and classes of international transactions that are of primary money laundering concern to the United States Government;
 - (5) to clarify the terms of the safe harbor from civil liability for filing suspicious activity reports;
 - (6) to strengthen the authority of the Secretary of the Treasury to issue and administer geographic targeting orders, and to clarify that violations of such orders or any other requirement imposed under the authority contained in chapter 2 of title I of

1	Public Law 91–508 and subchapters II and III of
2	chapter 53 of title 31, United States Code, may re-
3	sult in criminal and civil penalties;
4	(7) to strengthen the ability of financial institu-
5	tions to maintain the integrity of their employee
6	population; and
7	(8) to strengthen measures to prevent the use
8	of the United States financial system for personal
9	gain by corrupt foreign officials and to facilitate the
10	repatriation of any stolen assets to the citizens of
11	countries to whom such assets belong.
12	TITLE I—INTERNATIONAL
13	COUNTER-MONEY LAUN-
14	DERING MEASURES
15	SEC. 101. SPECIAL MEASURES FOR JURISDICTIONS, FINAN-
16	CIAL INSTITUTIONS, OR INTERNATIONAL
17	TRANSACTIONS OF PRIMARY MONEY LAUN-
18	DERING CONCERN.
19	(a) In General.—Subchapter II of chapter 53 of
20	title 31, United States Code, is amended by inserting after
21	section 5318 the following new section:

1	"§ 5318A. Special measures for jurisdictions, financial
2	institutions, or international transactions
3	of primary money laundering concern
4	"(a) International Counter-Money Laun-
5	DERING REQUIREMENTS.—
6	"(1) In General.—The Secretary may require
7	domestic financial institutions and domestic financial
8	agencies to take 1 or more of the special measures
9	described in subsection (b) if the Secretary finds
10	that reasonable grounds exist for concluding that a
11	jurisdiction outside of the United States, 1 or more
12	financial institutions operating outside of the United
13	States, or 1 or more classes of transactions within,
14	or involving, a jurisdiction outside of the United
15	States is of primary money laundering concern, in
16	accordance with subsection (c).
17	"(2) Form of requirement.—The special
18	measures described in subsection (b) may be im-
19	posed by regulation, order, or otherwise as permitted
20	by law, and in such sequence or combination, as the
21	Secretary shall determine.
22	"(3) Process for selecting special meas-
23	URES.—In selecting which special measure or meas-
24	ures to take under this subsection, the Secretary—
25	"(A) shall consult with the Chairman of
26	the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve

1	System and, in the sole discretion of the Sec-
2	retary, such other agencies and interested par-
3	ties as the Secretary may find to be appro-
4	priate; and
5	"(B) shall consider—
6	"(i) whether similar action has been
7	or is being taken by other nations or multi-
8	lateral groups;
9	"(ii) whether the imposition of any
10	particular special measure would create a
11	significant competitive disadvantage, in-
12	cluding any undue cost or burden associ-
13	ated with compliance, for financial institu-
14	tions organized or licensed in the United
15	States; and
16	"(iii) the extent to which the action
17	would have a significant adverse systemic
18	impact on the international payment, clear-
19	ance and settlement system, or on legiti-
20	mate business activities involving the par-
21	ticular jurisdiction, institution, or class of
22	transactions.
23	"(4) No limitation on other authority.—
24	This section shall not be construed as superseding or
25	otherwise restricting any other authority granted to

1	the Secretary, or to any other agency, by this sub-
2	chapter or otherwise.
3	"(b) Special Measures.—The special measures re-
4	ferred to in subsection (a), with respect to a jurisdiction
5	outside of the United States, financial institution oper-
6	ating outside of the United States, or class of transaction
7	within, or involving, a jurisdiction outside of the United
8	States, are as follows:
9	"(1) RECORDKEEPING AND REPORTING OF
10	CERTAIN FINANCIAL TRANSACTIONS.—
11	"(A) IN GENERAL.—The Secretary may re-
12	quire any domestic financial institution or do-
13	mestic financial agency to maintain records, file
14	reports, or both, concerning the aggregate
15	amount of transactions, or concerning each
16	transaction, with respect to a jurisdiction out-
17	side of the United States, 1 or more financial
18	institutions operating outside of the United
19	States, or 1 or more classes of transactions
20	within, or involving, a jurisdiction outside of the
21	United States, if the Secretary finds any such
22	jurisdiction, institution, or class of transactions
23	to be of primary money laundering concern.
24	"(B) Form of records and reports.—

Such records and reports shall be made and re-

1	tained at such time, in such manner, and for
2	such period of time, as the Secretary shall de-
3	termine, and shall include such information as
4	the Secretary may determine, including—
5	"(i) the identity and address of the
6	participants in a transaction or relation-
7	ship, including the identity of the origi-
8	nator of any funds transfer;
9	"(ii) the legal capacity in which a par-
10	ticipant in any transaction is acting;
11	"(iii) the identity of the beneficial
12	owner of the funds involved in any trans-
13	action; and
14	"(iv) a description of any transaction.
15	"(2) Information relating to beneficial
16	OWNERSHIP.—In addition to any other requirement
17	under any other provision of law, the Secretary may
18	require any domestic financial institution or domes-
19	tic financial agency to take such steps as the Sec-
20	retary may determine to be reasonable and prac-
21	ticable to obtain and retain information concerning
22	the beneficial ownership of any account opened or
23	maintained in the United States by a foreign person
24	(other than a foreign entity whose shares are subject
25	to public reporting requirements or are listed and

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traded on a regulated exchange or trading market), or a representative of such a foreign person, that involves a jurisdiction outside of the United States, 1 or more financial institutions operating outside of the United States, or 1 or more classes of transactions within, or involving, a jurisdiction outside of the United States, if the Secretary finds any such jurisdiction, institution, or transaction to be of primary money laundering concern.

"(3) Information relating to certain pay-ABLE-THROUGH ACCOUNTS.—If the Secretary finds a jurisdiction outside of the United States, 1 or more financial institutions operating outside of the United States, or 1 or more classes of transactions within, or involving, a jurisdiction outside of the United States to be of primary money laundering concern, the Secretary may require any domestic financial institution or domestic financial agency that opens or maintains a payable-through account in the United States for a foreign financial institution involving any such jurisdiction or any such financial institution operating outside of the United States, or a payable-through account through which any such transaction may be conducted, as a condition of opening or maintaining such account, to—

"(A) identify each customer (and representative of such customer) of such financial institution who is permitted to use, or whose transactions are routed through, such payable-through account; and

"(B) obtain, with respect to each such customer (and each such representative), the same information that the depository institution obtains in the ordinary course of business with respect to its customers residing in the United States.

"(4) Information relating to certain correspondent accounts.—If the Secretary finds a jurisdiction outside of the United States, 1 or more financial institutions operating outside of the United States, or 1 or more classes of transactions within, or involving, a jurisdiction outside of the United States to be of primary money laundering concern, the Secretary may require any domestic financial institution or domestic financial agency that opens or maintains a correspondent account in the United States for a foreign financial institution involving any such jurisdiction or any such financial institution operating outside of the United States, or a correspondent account through which any such trans1 action may be conducted, as a condition of opening 2 or maintaining such account, to—

"(A) identify each customer (and representative of such customer) of any such financial institution who is permitted to use, or whose transactions are routed through, such correspondent account; and

"(B) obtain, with respect to each such customer (and each such representative), the same information that the depository institution obtains in the ordinary course of business with respect to its customers residing in the United States.

"(5) Prohibitions or conditions on opening or maintaining certain correspondent or
payable-through accounts.—If the Secretary
finds a jurisdiction outside of the United States, 1
or more financial institutions operating outside of
the United States, or 1 or more classes of transactions within, or involving, a jurisdiction outside of
the United States to be of primary money laundering concern, the Secretary, in consultation with
the Secretary of State, the Attorney General, and
the Chairman of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, may prohibit, or impose condi-

- 1 tions upon, the opening or maintaining in the United
- 2 States of a correspondent account or payable-
- 3 through account by any domestic financial institu-
- 4 tion or domestic financial agency for or on behalf of
- 5 a foreign banking institution if such correspondent
- 6 account or payable-through account involves any
- 7 such jurisdiction or institution, or if any such trans-
- 8 action may be conducted through such cor-
- 9 respondent account or payable-through account.
- 10 "(c) Consultations and Information To Be
- 11 Considered in Finding Jurisdictions, Institutions,
- 12 OR TRANSACTIONS TO BE OF PRIMARY MONEY LAUN-
- 13 DERING CONCERN.—
- 14 "(1) IN GENERAL.—In making a finding that
- reasonable grounds exist for concluding that a juris-
- diction outside of the United States, 1 or more fi-
- 17 nancial institutions operating outside of the United
- 18 States, or 1 or more classes of transactions within,
- or involving, a jurisdiction outside of the United
- 20 States is of primary money laundering concern so as
- 21 to authorize the Secretary to invoke 1 or more of the
- special measures described in subsection (b), the
- 23 Secretary shall consult with the Secretary of State,
- 24 the Attorney General, the Secretary of Commerce,
- and the United States Trade Representative.

1	"(2) Information.—The Secretary also shall
2	consider such information as the Secretary considers
3	to be relevant, including the following potentially rel-
4	evant factors:
5	"(A) In the case of a particular
6	jurisdiction—
7	"(i) the extent to which that jurisdic-
8	tion or financial institutions operating
9	therein offer bank secrecy or special tax or
10	regulatory advantages to nonresidents or
11	nondomiciliaries of such jurisdiction;
12	"(ii) the substance and quality of ad-
13	ministration of that jurisdiction's bank su-
14	pervisory and counter-money laundering
15	laws;
16	"(iii) the relationship between the vol-
17	ume of financial transactions occurring in
18	that jurisdiction and the size of the juris-
19	diction's economy;
20	"(iv) the extent to which that jurisdic-
21	tion is characterized as a tax haven or off-
22	shore banking or secrecy haven by credible
23	international organizations or multilateral
24	expert groups;

1	"(v) whether the United States has a
2	mutual legal assistance treaty with that ju-
3	risdiction, and the experience of United
4	States law enforcement officials, regulatory
5	officials, and tax administrators in obtain-
6	ing information about transactions origi-
7	nating in or routed through or to such ju-
8	risdiction; and
9	"(vi) the extent to which that jurisdic-
10	tion is characterized by high levels of offi-
11	cial or institutional corruption.
12	"(B) In the case of a decision to apply 1
13	or more of the special measures described in
14	subsection (b) only to a financial institution or
15	institutions, or to a transaction or class of
16	transactions, or to both, within, or involving, a
17	particular jurisdiction—
18	"(i) the extent to which such financial
19	institutions or transactions are used to fa-
20	cilitate or promote money laundering in or
21	through the jurisdiction;
22	"(ii) the extent to which such institu-
23	tions or transactions are used for legiti-
24	mate business purposes in such jurisdic-
25	tion; and

1	"(iii) the extent to which such action
2	is sufficient to ensure, with respect to
3	transactions involving such jurisdiction and
4	institutions operating in such jurisdiction,
5	that the purposes of this subchapter con-
6	tinue to be fulfilled, and to guard against
7	international money laundering and other
8	financial crimes.
9	"(d) Notification of Special Measures In-
10	VOKED BY THE SECRETARY.—Not later than 10 days
11	after the date of any action taken by the Secretary under
12	subsection $(a)(1)$, the Secretary shall notify, in writing,
13	the Committee on Financial Services of the House of Rep-
14	resentatives and the Committee on Banking, Housing, and
15	Urban Affairs of the Senate of any such action.
16	"(e) Definitions.—Notwithstanding any other pro-
17	vision of this subchapter, for purposes of this section, the
18	following definitions shall apply:
19	"(1) Defined Terms.—
20	"(A) Bank definitions.—The following
21	definitions shall apply with respect to a bank:
22	"(i) ACCOUNT.—The term 'account'—
23	"(I) means a formal banking or
24	business relationship established to

1	provide regular services, dealings, and
2	other financial transactions; and
3	"(II) includes a demand deposit,
4	savings deposit, or other transaction
5	or asset account and a credit account
6	or other extension of credit.
7	"(ii) Correspondent account.—
8	The term 'correspondent account' means
9	an account established to receive deposits
10	from and make payments on behalf of a
11	foreign financial institution.
12	"(iii) Payable-through account.—
13	The term 'payable-through account' means
14	an account, including a transaction ac-
15	count (as defined in section 19(b)(1)(C) of
16	the Federal Reserve Act), opened at a de-
17	pository institution by a foreign financial
18	institution by means of which the foreign
19	financial institution permits its customers
20	to engage, either directly or through a sub-
21	account, in banking activities usual in con-
22	nection with the business of banking in the
23	United States.
24	"(B) Definitions applicable to insti-
25	TUTIONS OTHER THAN BANKS.—With respect

1	to any financial institution other than a bank,
2	the Secretary shall define, by regulation, order,
3	or otherwise as permitted by law, the term 'ac-
4	count' and shall include within the meaning of
5	such term arrangements similar to payable-
6	through and correspondent accounts.

- 7 "(2) OTHER TERMS.—The Secretary may, by 8 regulation, order, or otherwise as permitted by law, 9 further define the terms in paragraph (1) and define 10 other terms for the purposes of this section, as the 11 Secretary deems appropriate.".
- 12 (b) Clerical Amendment.—The table of sections
- 13 for subchapter II of chapter 53 of title 31, United States
- 14 Code, is amended by inserting after the item relating to
- 15 section 5318 the following new item:

"5318A. Special measures for jurisdictions, financial institutions, or international transactions of primary money laundering concern.".

16 TITLE II—CURRENCY TRANS-

- 17 **ACTION REPORTING AMEND-**
- 18 **MENTS AND RELATED**
- 19 **IMPROVEMENTS**
- 20 SEC. 201. AMENDMENTS RELATING TO REPORTING OF SUS-
- 21 PICIOUS ACTIVITIES.
- 22 (a) Amendment Relating to Civil Liability Im-
- 23 MUNITY FOR DISCLOSURES.—Section 5318(g)(3) of title
- 24 31, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:

"(3) Liability for disclosures.—

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"(A) IN GENERAL.—Any financial institution that makes a voluntary disclosure of any possible violation of law or regulation to a government agency or makes a disclosure pursuant to this subsection or any other authority, and any director, officer, employee, or agent of such institution who makes, or requires another to make any such disclosure, shall not be liable to any person under any law or regulation of the United States, any constitution, law, or regulation of any State or political subdivision of any State, or under any contract or other legally enforceable agreement (including any arbitration agreement), for such disclosure or for any failure to provide notice of such disclosure to the person who is the subject of such disclosure or any other person identified in the disclosure.

"(B) Rule of construction.—Subparagraph (A) shall not be construed as creating—

"(i) any inference that the term 'person', as used in such subparagraph, may be construed more broadly than its ordinary usage so to include any government or agency of government; or

1	"(ii) any immunity against, or other-
2	wise affecting, any civil or criminal action
3	brought by any government or agency of
4	government to enforce any constitution,
5	law, or regulation of such government or
6	agency.".
7	(b) Prohibition on Notification of Disclo-
8	SURES.—Section 5318(g)(2) of title 31, United States
9	Code, is amended to read as follows:
10	"(2) Notification prohibited.—
11	"(A) IN GENERAL.—If a financial institu-
12	tion or any director, officer, employee, or agent
13	of any financial institution, voluntarily or pur-
14	suant to this section or any other authority, re-
15	ports a suspicious transaction to a government
16	agency—
17	"(i) the financial institution, director,
18	officer, employee, or agent may not notify
19	any person involved in the transaction that
20	the transaction has been reported; and
21	"(ii) no officer or employee of the
22	Federal Government or of any State, local,
23	tribal, or territorial government within the
24	United States, who has any knowledge that
25	such report was made may disclose to any

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person involved in the transaction that the transaction has been reported, other than as necessary to fulfill the official duties of such officer or employee.

"(B) Disclosures in Certain Employ-MENT REFERENCES.—Notwithstanding the application of subparagraph (A) in any other context, subparagraph (A) shall not be construed as prohibiting any financial institution, or any director, officer, employee, or agent of such institution, from including, in a written employment reference that is provided in accordance with section 18(v) of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act in response to a request from another financial institution or a written termination notice or employment reference that is provided in accordance with the rules of the self-regulatory organizations registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission, information that was included in a report to which subparagraph (A) applies, but such written employment reference may not disclose that such information was also included in any such report or that such report was made.".

1	SEC. 202. PENALTIES FOR VIOLATIONS OF GEOGRAPHIC
2	TARGETING ORDERS AND CERTAIN RECORD-
3	KEEPING REQUIREMENTS, AND LENGTH-
4	ENING EFFECTIVE PERIOD OF GEOGRAPHIC
5	TARGETING ORDERS.
6	(a) Civil Penalty for Violation of Targeting
7	ORDER.—Section 5321(a)(1) of title 31, United States
8	Code, is amended—
9	(1) by inserting "or order issued" after "sub-
10	chapter or a regulation prescribed"; and
11	(2) by inserting ", or willfully violating a regu-
12	lation prescribed under section 21 of the Federal
13	Deposit Insurance Act or section 123 of Public Law
14	91–508," after "section 5314 and 5315)".
15	(b) Criminal Penalties for Violation of Tar-
16	GETING ORDER.—Section 5322 of title 31, United States
17	Code, is amended—
18	(1) in subsection (a)—
19	(A) by inserting "or order issued" after
20	"willfully violating this subchapter or a regula-
21	tion prescribed"; and
22	(B) by inserting ", or willfully violating a
23	regulation prescribed under section 21 of the
24	Federal Deposit Insurance Act or section 123
25	of Public Law 91–508," after "under section
26	5315 or 5324)"; and

1	(2) in subsection (b)—
2	(A) by inserting "or order issued" after
3	"willfully violating this subchapter or a regula-
4	tion prescribed"; and
5	(B) by inserting "or willfully violating a
6	regulation prescribed under section 21 of the
7	Federal Deposit Insurance Act or section 123
8	of Public Law 91–508," after "under section
9	5315 or 5324),".
10	(c) STRUCTURING TRANSACTIONS TO EVADE TAR-
11	GETING ORDER OR CERTAIN RECORDKEEPING REQUIRE-
12	MENTS.—Section 5324(a) of title 31, United States Code,
13	is amended—
1314	is amended— (1) by inserting a comma after "shall";
14	(1) by inserting a comma after "shall";
14 15	(1) by inserting a comma after "shall";(2) by striking "section—" and inserting "sec-
141516	(1) by inserting a comma after "shall";(2) by striking "section—" and inserting "section, the reporting or recordkeeping requirements
14151617	(1) by inserting a comma after "shall";(2) by striking "section—" and inserting "section, the reporting or recordkeeping requirements imposed by any order issued under section 5326, or
1415161718	(1) by inserting a comma after "shall"; (2) by striking "section—" and inserting "section, the reporting or recordkeeping requirements imposed by any order issued under section 5326, or the recordkeeping requirements imposed by any reg-
141516171819	(1) by inserting a comma after "shall"; (2) by striking "section—" and inserting "section, the reporting or recordkeeping requirements imposed by any order issued under section 5326, or the recordkeeping requirements imposed by any regulation prescribed under section 21 of the Federal
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	(1) by inserting a comma after "shall"; (2) by striking "section—" and inserting "section, the reporting or recordkeeping requirements imposed by any order issued under section 5326, or the recordkeeping requirements imposed by any regulation prescribed under section 21 of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act or section 123 of Public Law
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	(1) by inserting a comma after "shall"; (2) by striking "section—" and inserting "section, the reporting or recordkeeping requirements imposed by any order issued under section 5326, or the recordkeeping requirements imposed by any regulation prescribed under section 21 of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act or section 123 of Public Law 91–508—";
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	(1) by inserting a comma after "shall"; (2) by striking "section—" and inserting "section, the reporting or recordkeeping requirements imposed by any order issued under section 5326, or the recordkeeping requirements imposed by any regulation prescribed under section 21 of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act or section 123 of Public Law 91–508—"; (3) in paragraph (1), by inserting ", to file a

- 1 under section 21 of the Federal Deposit Insurance
- 2 Act or section 123 of Public Law 91–508" after
- 3 "regulation prescribed under any such section"; and
- 4 (4) in paragraph (2), by inserting ", to file a
- 5 report or to maintain a record required by any order
- 6 issued under section 5326, or to maintain a record
- 7 required pursuant to any regulation prescribed
- 8 under section 5326, or to maintain a record required
- 9 pursuant to any regulation prescribed under section
- 10 21 of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act or section
- 11 123 of Public Law 91–508," after "regulation pre-
- scribed under any such section".
- 13 (d) Lengthening Effective Period of Geo-
- 14 GRAPHIC TARGETING ORDERS.—Section 5326(d) of title
- 15 31, United States Code, is amended by striking "60" after
- 16 "shall be effective for more than" and inserting "180".
- 17 SEC. 203. AUTHORIZATION TO INCLUDE SUSPICIONS OF IL-
- 18 LEGAL ACTIVITY IN WRITTEN EMPLOYMENT
- 19 **REFERENCES.**
- 20 Section 18 of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act (12
- 21 U.S.C. 1828) is amended by adding at the end the fol-
- 22 lowing new subsection:
- 23 "(v) Written Employment References May
- 24 Contain Suspicions of Involvement in Illegal Ac-
- 25 TIVITY.—

"(1) IN GENERAL.—Notwithstanding any other 1 2 provision of law, any insured depository institution, 3 and any director, officer, employee, or agent of such 4 institution, may disclose in any written employment 5 reference relating to a current or former institution-6 affiliated party of such institution which is provided 7 to another insured depository institution in response 8 to a request from such other institution, information 9 concerning the possible involvement of such institu-10 tion-affiliated party in potentially unlawful activity. "(2) Definition.—For purposes of this sub-11 12 section, the term 'insured depository institution' in-13 cludes any uninsured branch or agency of a foreign 14 bank.". 15 SEC. 204. BANK SECRECY ACT ADVISORY GROUP. 16 Section 1564 of the Annunzio-Wylie Anti-Money 17 Laundering Act (31 U.S.C. 5311 note) is amended— (1) in subsection (a), by inserting ", of non-18 19 governmental organizations advocating financial pri-20 vacy," after "Drug Control Policy"; and (2) in subsection (c), by inserting ", other than 21 22 subsections (a) and (d) of such Act which shall 23 apply" before the period at the end.

1	SEC. 205. AGENCY REPORTS ON RECONCILING PENALTY
2	AMOUNTS.
3	Before the end of the 1-year period beginning on the
4	date of the enactment of this Act, the Secretary of the
5	Treasury and the Federal banking agencies (as defined in
6	section 3 of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act) shall each
7	submit their respective reports to the Congress containing
8	recommendations on possible legislation to conform the
9	penalties imposed on depository institutions (as defined in
10	section 3 of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act) for viola-
11	tions of subchapter II of chapter 53 of title 31, United
12	States Code, to the penalties imposed on such institutions
13	under section 8 of the Federal Deposit Insurance Act.
14	TITLE III—ANTICORRUPTION
15	MEASURES
16	SEC. 301. CORRUPTION OF FOREIGN GOVERNMENTS AND
17	RULING ELITES.
18	SENSE OF THE CONGRESS.—It is the sense of the
19	Congress that, in deliberations between the United States
20	Government and any other country on money laundering
21	and corruption issues, the United States Government
22	should—
23	(1) emphasize an approach that addresses not
24	only the laundering of the proceeds of traditional
2.5	criminal activity but also the increasingly endemic

1	problem of governmental corruption and the corrup-
2	tion of ruling elites;
3	(2) encourage the enactment and enforcement

- of laws in such country to prevent money laundering and systemic corruption;
- (3) make clear that the United States will take all steps necessary to identify the proceeds of foreign government corruption which have been deposited in United States financial institutions and return such proceeds to the citizens of the country to whom such assets belong; and
- (4) advance policies and measures to promote good government and to prevent and reduce corruption and money laundering, including through instructions to the United States Executive Director of each international financial institution (as defined in section 1701(c) of the International Financial Institutions Act) to advocate such policies as a systematic element of economic reform programs and advice to member governments.

21 SEC. 302. SUPPORT FOR THE FINANCIAL ACTION TASK

- FORCE ON MONEY LAUNDERING.
- It is the sense of the Congress that—
- 24 (1) the United States should continue to ac-25 tively and publicly support the objectives of the Fi-

- nancial Action Task Force on Money Laundering
 (hereafter in this section referred to as the
 "FATF") with regard to combating international
 money laundering;
 - (2) the FATF should identify noncooperative jurisdictions in as expeditious a manner as possible and publicly release a list directly naming those jurisdictions identified;
 - (3) the United States should support the public release of the list naming noncooperative jurisdictions identified by the FATF;
 - (4) the United States should encourage the adoption of the necessary international action to encourage compliance by the identified noncooperative jurisdictions; and
 - (5) the United States should take the necessary countermeasures to protect the United States economy against money of unlawful origin and encourage other nations to do the same.

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